## Red-osier Dogwood Cornus sericea

Cornaceae — Dogwood family
by Tom Reaume © 2010 Nature Manitoba
Grant: 

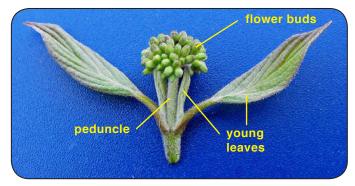
Manitoba
Hydro

A **deciduous shrub** 1–4 m tall in clumps from **stolons**; in moist areas around sloughs, ponds, ravines, river and creek edges and moist deciduous woods.

- FLOWERS white, blooming April—September; inflorescence a cyme, flat-topped, 2-6 cm across by 1.5-4 cm tall; peduncles 0.7–7 cm long by 1.2–2 mm thick, some with spreading white hairs; rays 2-5, opposite, 6-13 mm long, spreading but the central one erect and c. 2 mm long; pedicels lightly hairy, 1.2-10 mm long by c. 0.5 mm thick, round; flower buds 3.8-4.3 mm long by 1.8-2 mm wide, squarish; flowers perfect, 17-130, each 6-8 mm wide by 4-6 mm long; sepals 4 (5), green, hairy, pointed, 0.3-0.4 mm long and wide, with brown and white hairs dorsally, arising from a continuous ring; petals 4 (rarely 5), lightly hairy below (dorsally), glabrous above, 2-3.5 mm long by 1.7-2.2 mm wide, bluntly tipped to pointed, spreading to slightly descending, the margins inrolled, veins obvious when dry; epigynous disc light yellowish green, moist, 1-1.5 mm wide; stamens 4, c. 4 mm long between the petals, ascending, exserted; filaments 3-4 mm long, attached to outside of epigynous disc; anthers yellow, c. 2 mm long by c. 1 mm wide, attached below the middle to the filaments; hypanthium (ovary inside) 1.5–2.5 mm long by 1–1.5 mm wide, inferior, covered with short, dolabriform, appressed hairs; style one, 2-3 mm long by 0.4 mm thick, erect, slightly enlarged to a roundish stigma; fruit clusters 3-6 cm wide by 2.3-4.5 cm tall, of c. 10-30 drupes, ascending to drooping, some overwintering; flower to fruit c. 7 weeks.
- FRUIT a drupe, 1-stoned, dull, white, some overwintering, 4–8 mm long by 4–9 mm across by 2.5–4 mm thick, glabrous or with appressed 2-branched hairs, when overwintering very dry and tan with wide, erect, net-veins (or wings) 0.1–0.6 mm tall by c. 0.1 mm thick; stones (endocarp) hard, woody, 2-chambered, these unequal, but only 1-seeded, 3.3–6 mm long by 2.6–4 mm wide by c. 3 mm thick, dull, brownish gray with 3–5 thin, pale green ribs (some incomplete) on each round face, walls c. 0.3 mm thick.
- LEAVES opposite, simple, entire, oval, dull, green, turning reddish purple in fall; blades 2–14 cm long by 0.5–9 cm wide, the upper (ventral) surface glabrous to lightly hairy, lower dorsal surface glaucous and lighter green with appressed dolabriform hairs, woolly hairy in some; lateral veins 5–7 pairs with the tips curving toward the apex; petioles 4–32 mm long by 1.5–2 mm wide, slightly hairy, greenish red to red in the fall, with a wide shallow groove above.
- STEM erect to leaning, few to many in a clump, branches opposite, distinctly reddish, youngest twigs slightly to very hairy, pith white; stem base 0.5–4 cm wide, dark reddish to grayish bark when old; lenticels beige to black, oval to round, horizontal or vertical, 1–2 mm long by 0.5–2 mm wide; terminal winter buds pointed, dull, 4–6 mm long by 1–3.8 mm wide by 1–2.5 mm thick, reddish, often with dolabriform hairs 0.3–0.5 mm long; side buds opposite, 3–6 mm long by 1.2–1.8 mm wide by 0.7–0.9 mm thick, very hairy, on stalks 2–4 mm long.
- RANGE: (CAN) 13 provinces; (USA) 37 states; absent in the southeastern states; a native.



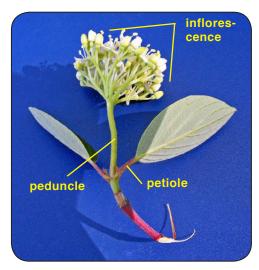
Red-osier Dogwood with numerous white flower clusters along the bank of Omand's Creek in Winnipeg, Manitoba



Young cluster of flower buds c. 1 cm wide



Distinctive reddish stems help to identify this dogwood



Inflorescence on peduncle from opposite leaves



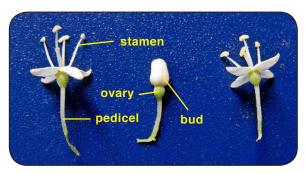
Stem 12 mm wide with light lenticels



Several clusters of flowers



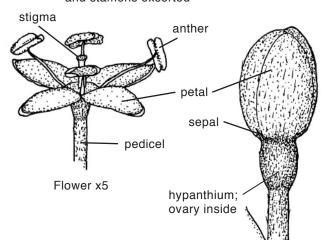
Inflorescence up close; flowers c. 7 mm wide



Two flowers c. 7 mm wide and a flower bud; style and stamens exserted

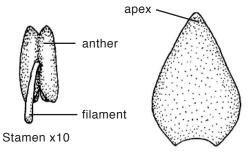


Bases of opposite petioles of leaves

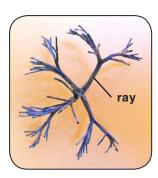




Red-osier Dogwood leaves; Ventral side; lighter Dorsal side

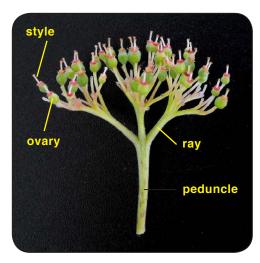


Flower petal x10



Flower bud x10

Architecture of cyme, above



Inflorescence 6.5 cm wide with early fruit development after petals fall



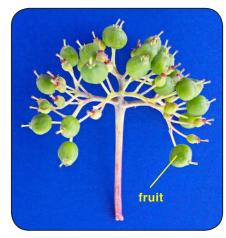
White ripe fruit among leaves



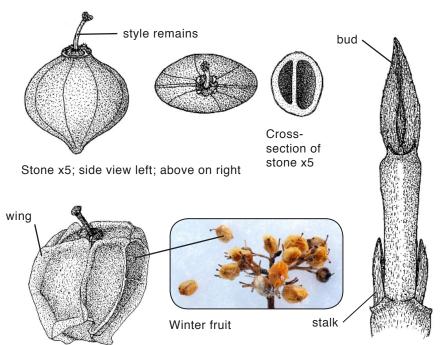
Dorsal side of leaf showing 5 side veins from midrib



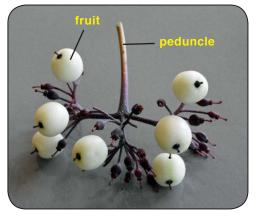
Green fruit cluster 5 cm wide; above



Green fruit cluster 5 cm wide; side



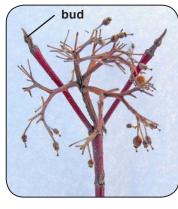
Dry fruit x6; winged



Fruit cluster 4.5 cm wide



Winter buds x5; end of twig



Red-osier Dogwood winter fruiting stalk empty and c. 4 cm wide

Reddish autumn leaf 5.5 cm wide with a petiole 2.3 cm long